



EUMETSAT Meteosat-IASI Inter-calibration Algorithm

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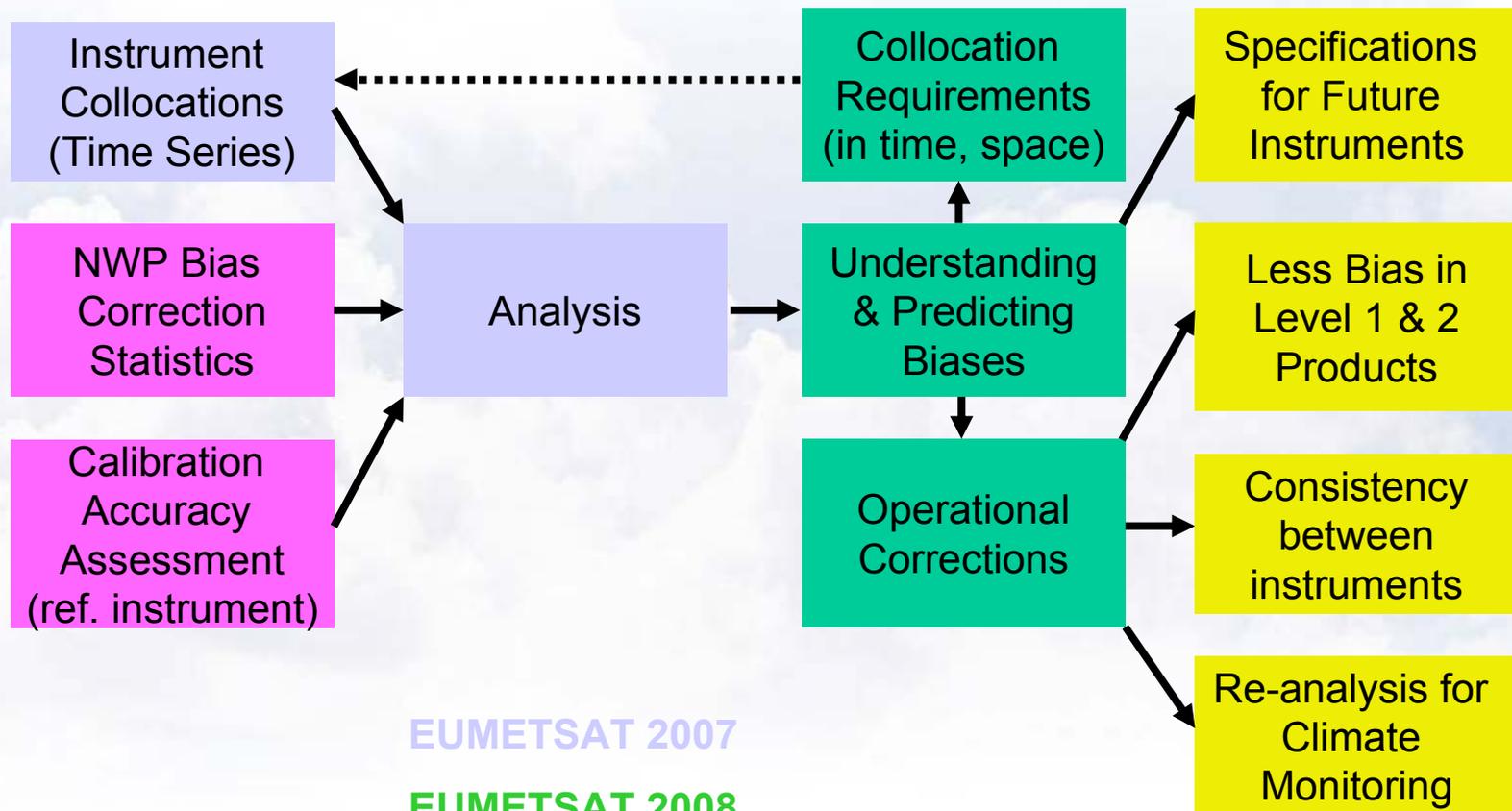
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Inter-calibration Strategy

Principles Methodology Results Benefits

Consistency
Traceability



EUMETSAT 2007

EUMETSAT 2008

Liaisons 2008

IASI and/or AIRS as a reference?

EUMETSAT: Meteosat-IASI

NOAA: AIRS-IASI

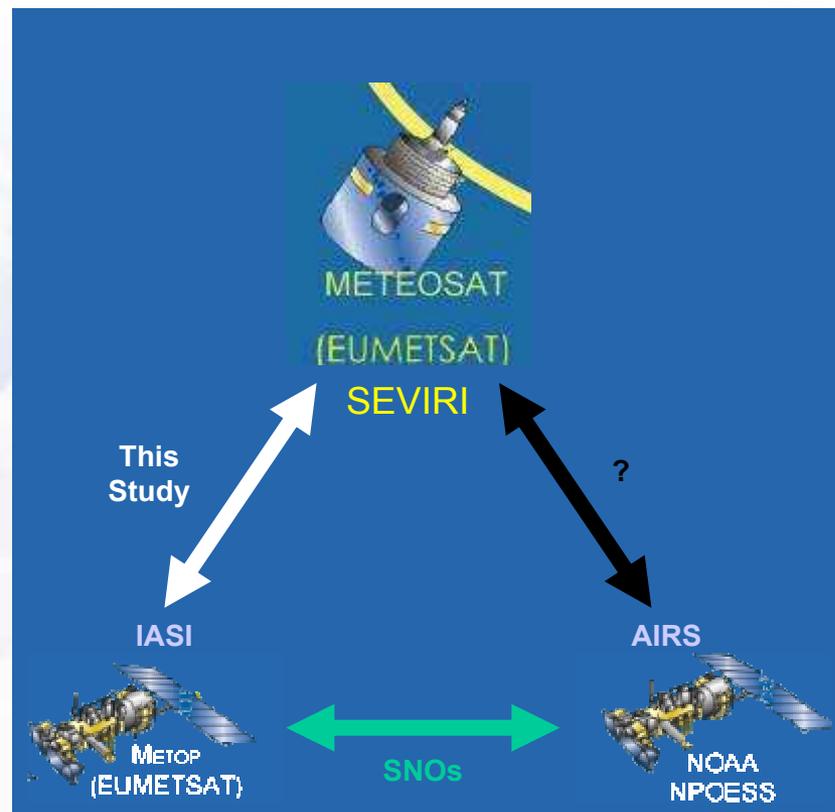
IASI has no spectral gaps

IASI + HIRS/4 on same platform

**A lot of work for us to
complete the triangle:**

Meteosat-AIRS

(Integrity check)





Missing Energy in MSG 3.9 μm channel

Black-body Planck function at 290K
convolved with

Spectral Response Function of MSG

Integrate to calculate

Total Radiance

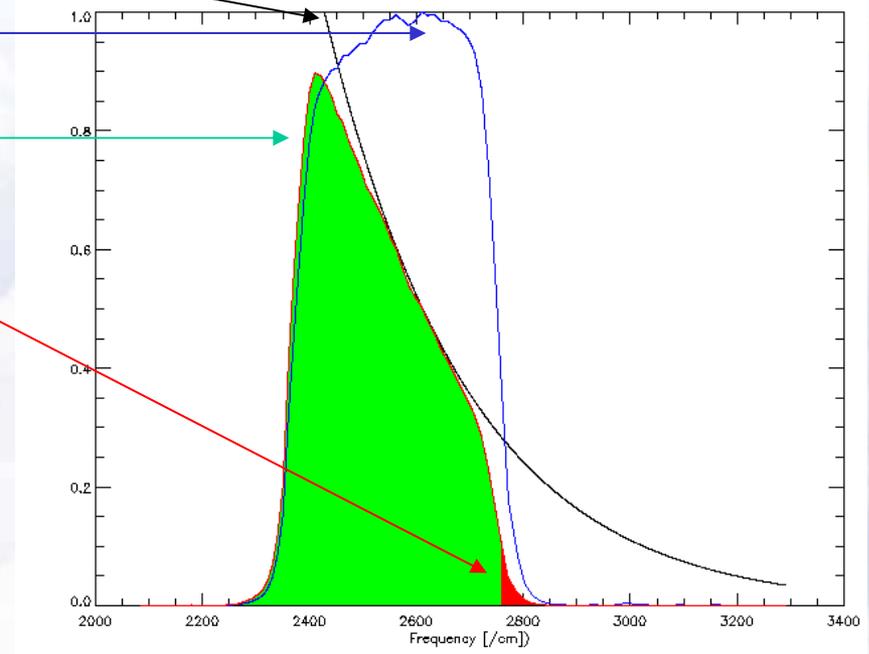
Missing energy not seen by IASI in the
Small fraction beyond 2760cm^{-1}

Convert to Brightness Temperatures

Result:

IASI under-estimates MSG 3.9 μm
radiance by 1.33% of scene radiance,
or $\sim 0.17\text{K}$ at 290K (Scene-dependent)

Not accounted for in analysis





New Radiance Definition

**Marianne told us all about the new radiance definition
ECP833 also includes changes to non-linearity corrections**

**As a temporary work around for 2007 data,
needed to ensure consistent definition of radiance:**

- Read in old IMPF-defined radiances**
- Convert to brightness temperatures**
- Convert back to effective radiances**

Archive Data will be re-processed according to new definition

Collocation Criteria

Meteosat First Generation

$\Delta Lat < 30^\circ$, $\Delta Lon < 30^\circ$ of SSP
 $\Delta t < 30$ mins (=scan period)
 $|\theta| < 15^\circ$ (Incidence angle)
 $\Delta\theta < 2^\circ$ (Incidence angle diff.)
3x3 MFG pixels / IASI iFoV

Meteosat Second Generation

$\Delta Lat < 30^\circ$, $\Delta Lon < 30^\circ$ of SSP
 $\Delta t < 15$ mins (=scan period)
 $|\theta| < 15^\circ$ (Incidence angle)
 $\Delta\theta < 2^\circ$ (Incidence angle diff.)
5x5 MSG pixels / IASI iFoV

(Corrected Radiance Definition)

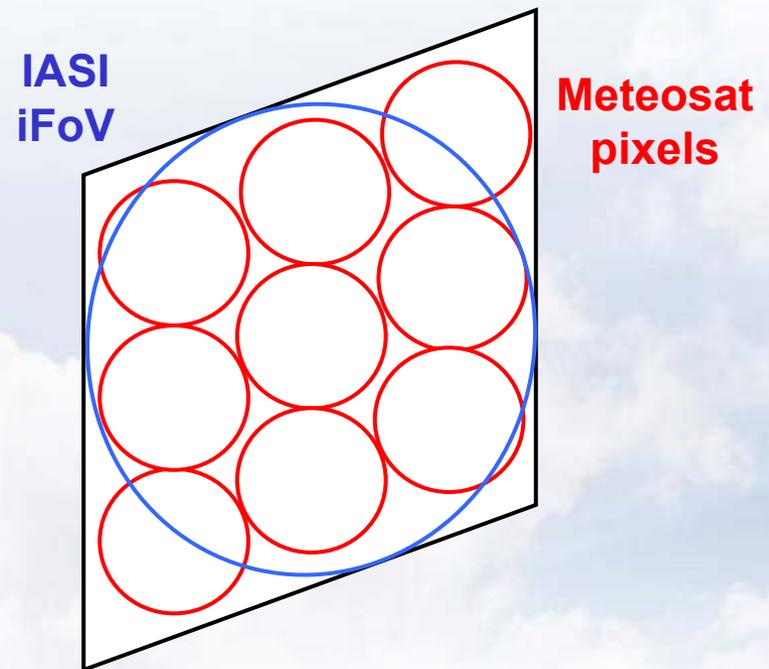
Can investigate temporal
variability and angular
dependence further using Rapid
Scan data



Uncertainty due to Spatial Variability

**Estimate uncertainty
due to spatial variability
as Standard Deviation of
Meteosat pixels within
collocated IASI iFoVs**

**Use as error bars in
weighted regression**

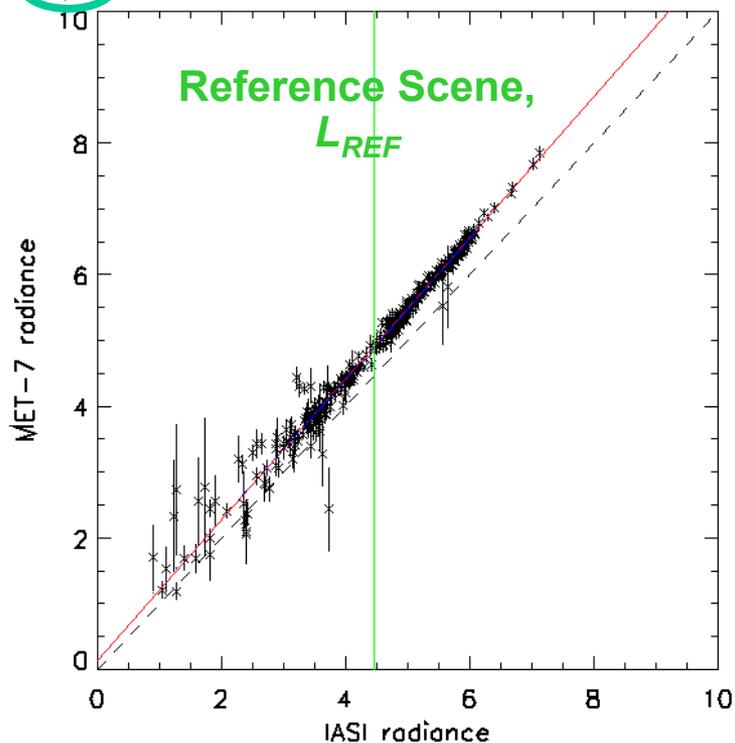




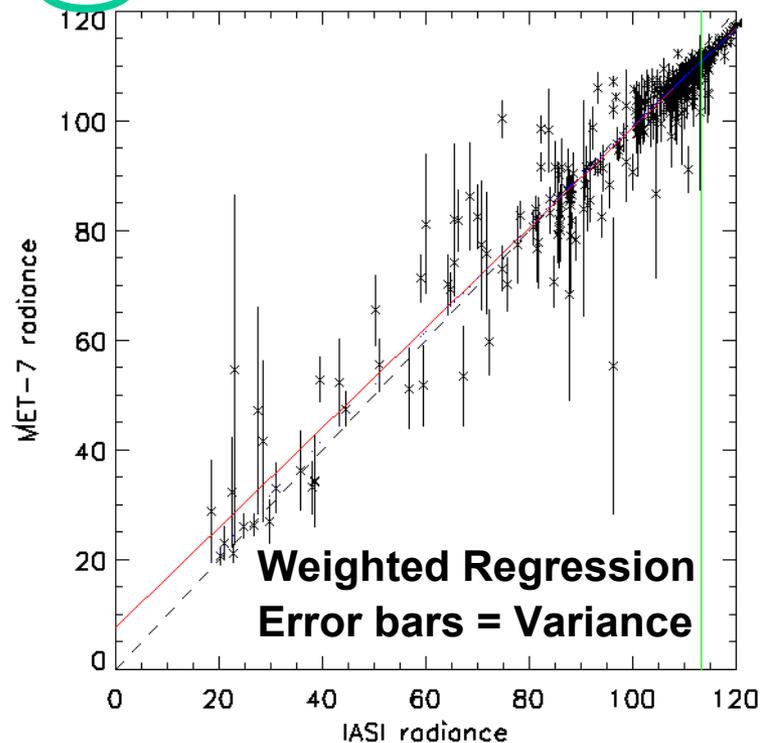
Regression – no filtering

Offset $\neq 0$ Slope $\neq 1$ \Rightarrow Difference is scene-dependent

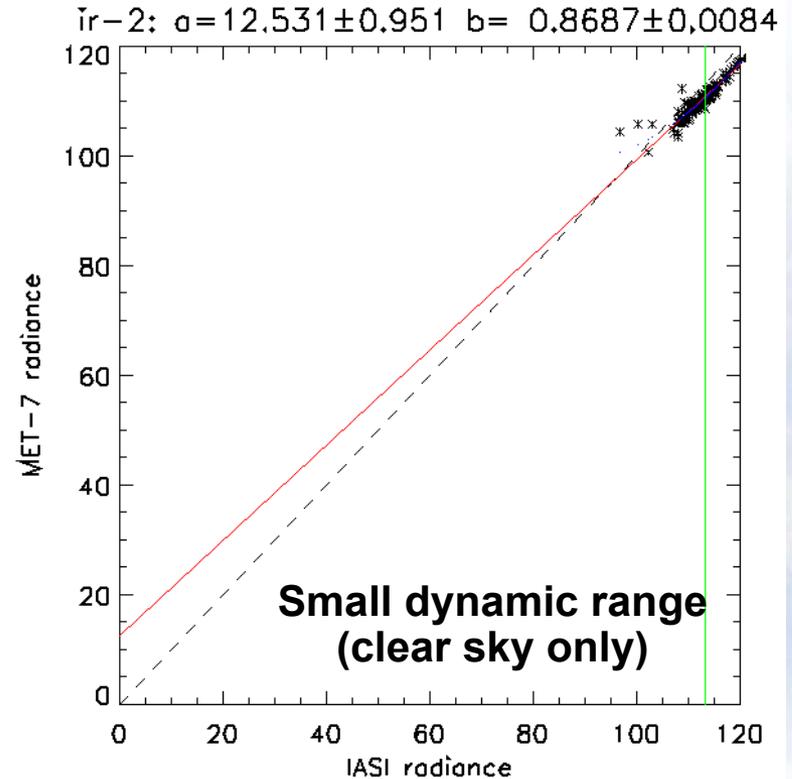
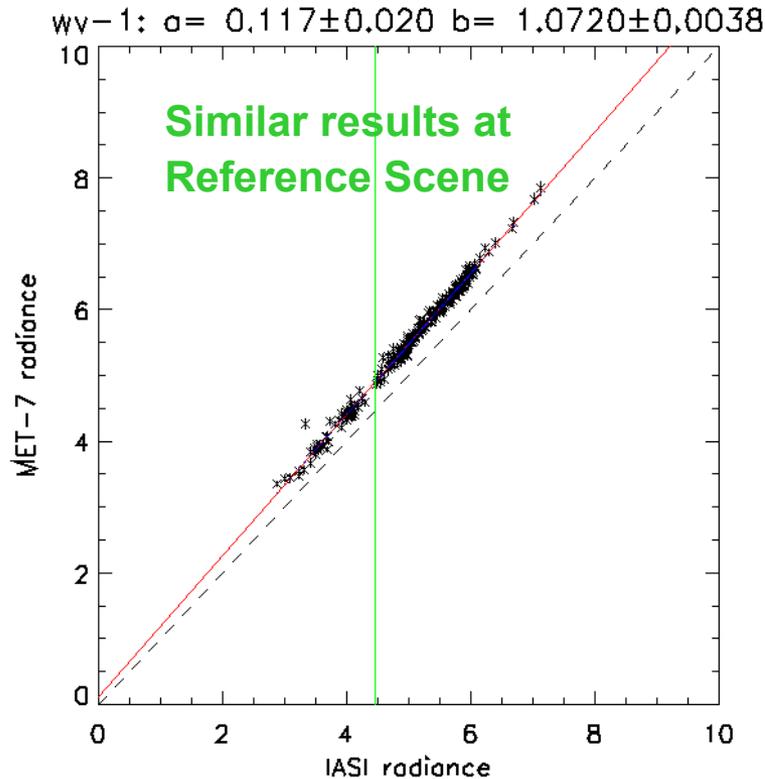
$wv-1$: $a = 0.127 \pm 0.017$ $b = 1.0699 \pm 0.0033$



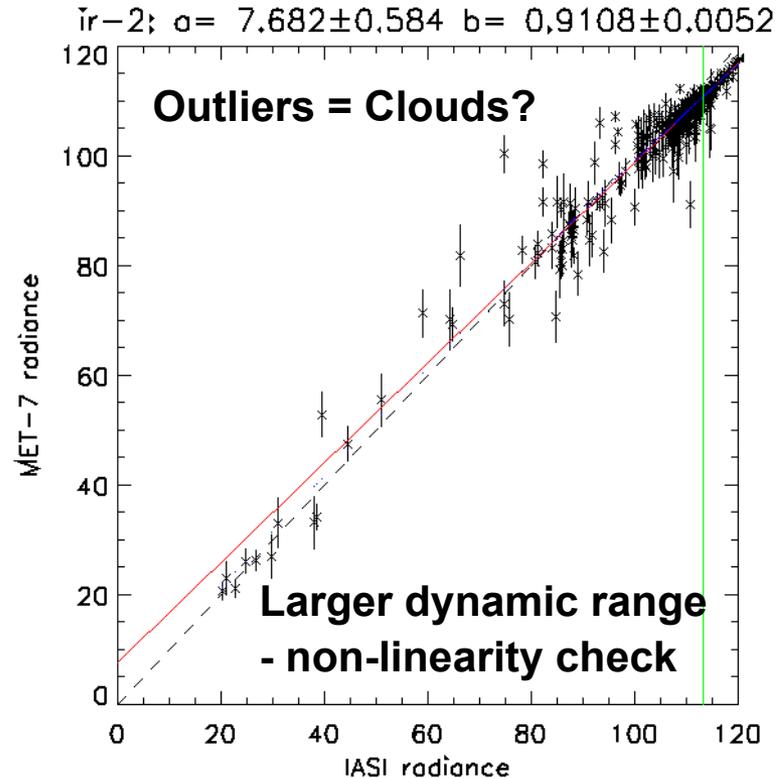
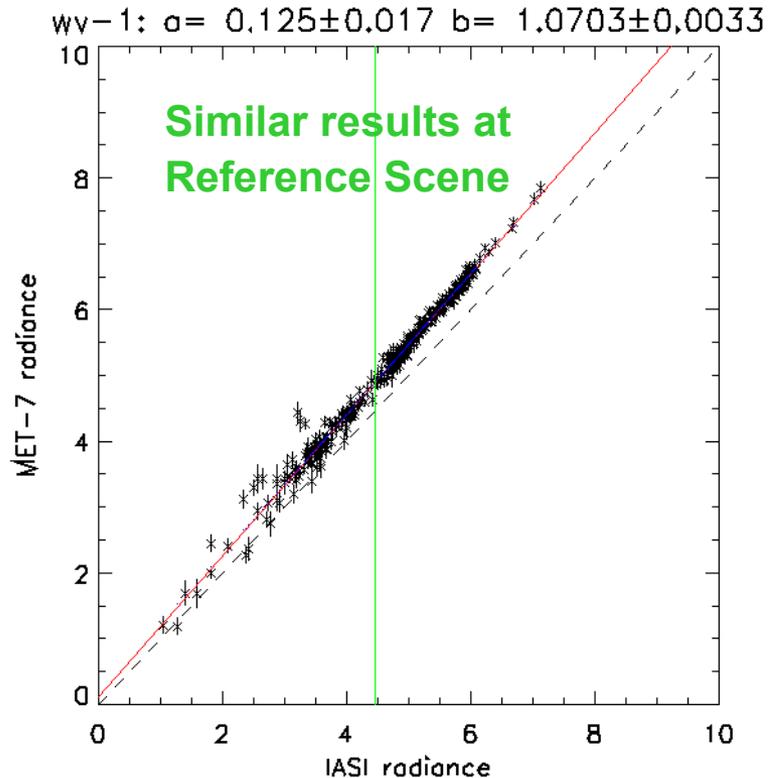
$ir-2$: $a = 7.730 \pm 0.575$ $b = 0.9104 \pm 0.0051$



Regression – $\sigma T_b < 0.5K$ filtering



Regression – $\sigma L < 5\% L_{REF}$ filtering



Non-linearity

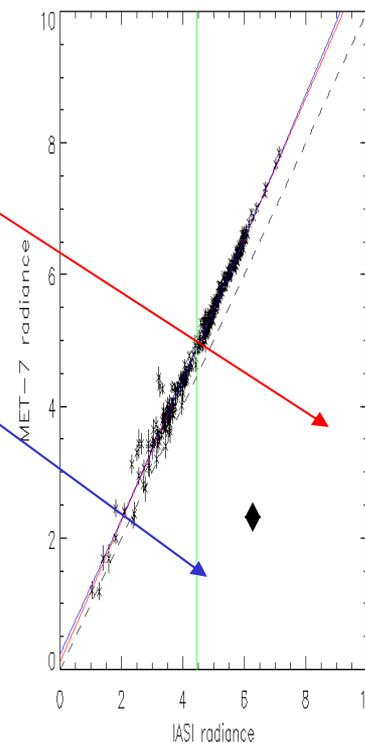
Compare **linear regression**
with **quadratic fit**:

V. little difference at ref. scenes
<0.05K

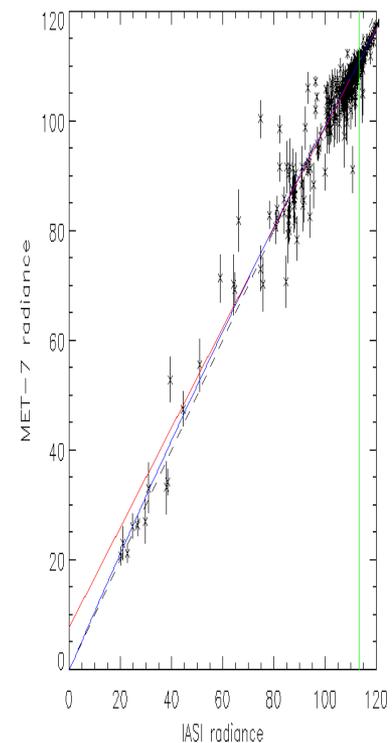
Difference increases for low T_b
As expected for non-linear errors
Only significant for MSG 7.3 μ m
channel and still <1K at $T_b=220$ K

But differences are v. variable
Error bars currently
underestimated

wv-1: $a = 0.125 \pm 0.017$ $b = 1.0703 \pm 0.0033$



ir-2: $a = 7.682 \pm 0.584$ $b = 0.9108 \pm 0.0052$



Accounting for Temporal Variability

Linearly interpolate SEVIRI radiances before and after IASI observation, $L(t_b)$ and $L(t_a)$, to time, t_0 :

$$L(t_0) = \left(\frac{t_0 - t_b}{t_a - t_b} \right) L(t_a) + \left(\frac{t_a - t_0}{t_a - t_b} \right) L(t_b)$$

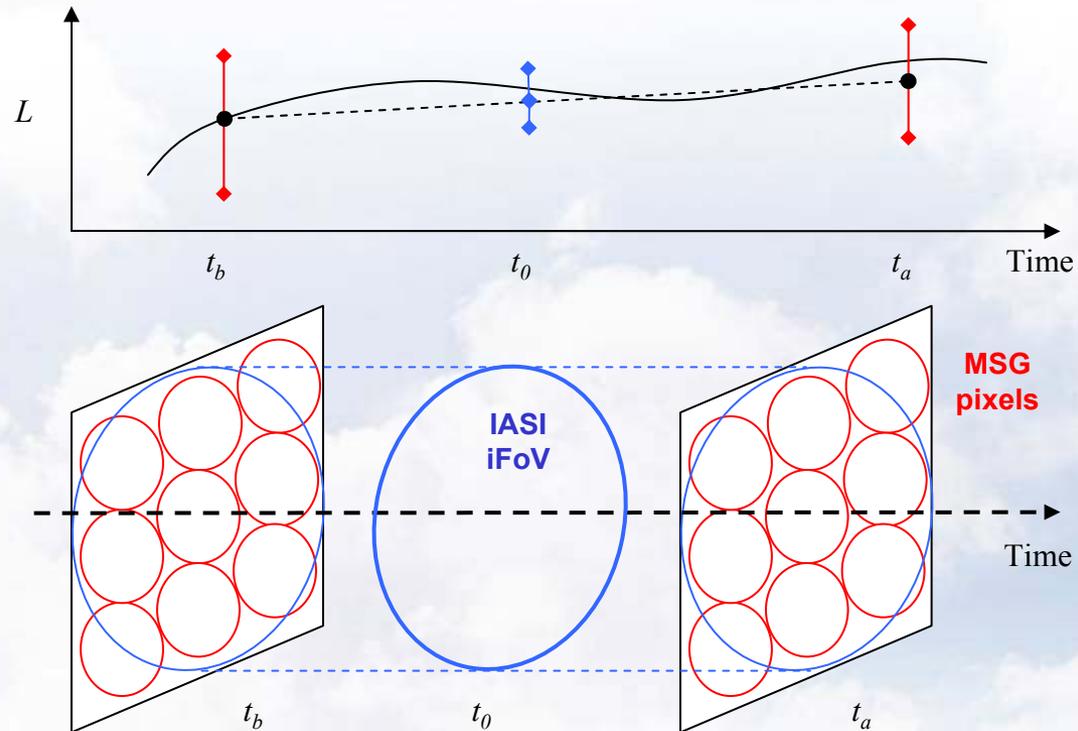
The variance of 2 groups m MSG pixels per IASI FoV:

$$S_0 = \frac{1}{2m-1} \left[\begin{array}{l} (w_a^2 S_a + w_b^2 S_b) \\ + 2 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (w_a L(t_a) - L(t_0))^2 \\ + (w_b L(t_b) - L(t_0))^2 \end{array} \right\} \end{array} \right]$$

Where S_b and S_a are the variances of the MSG pixels before and after the IASI observation and the weighting are given by:

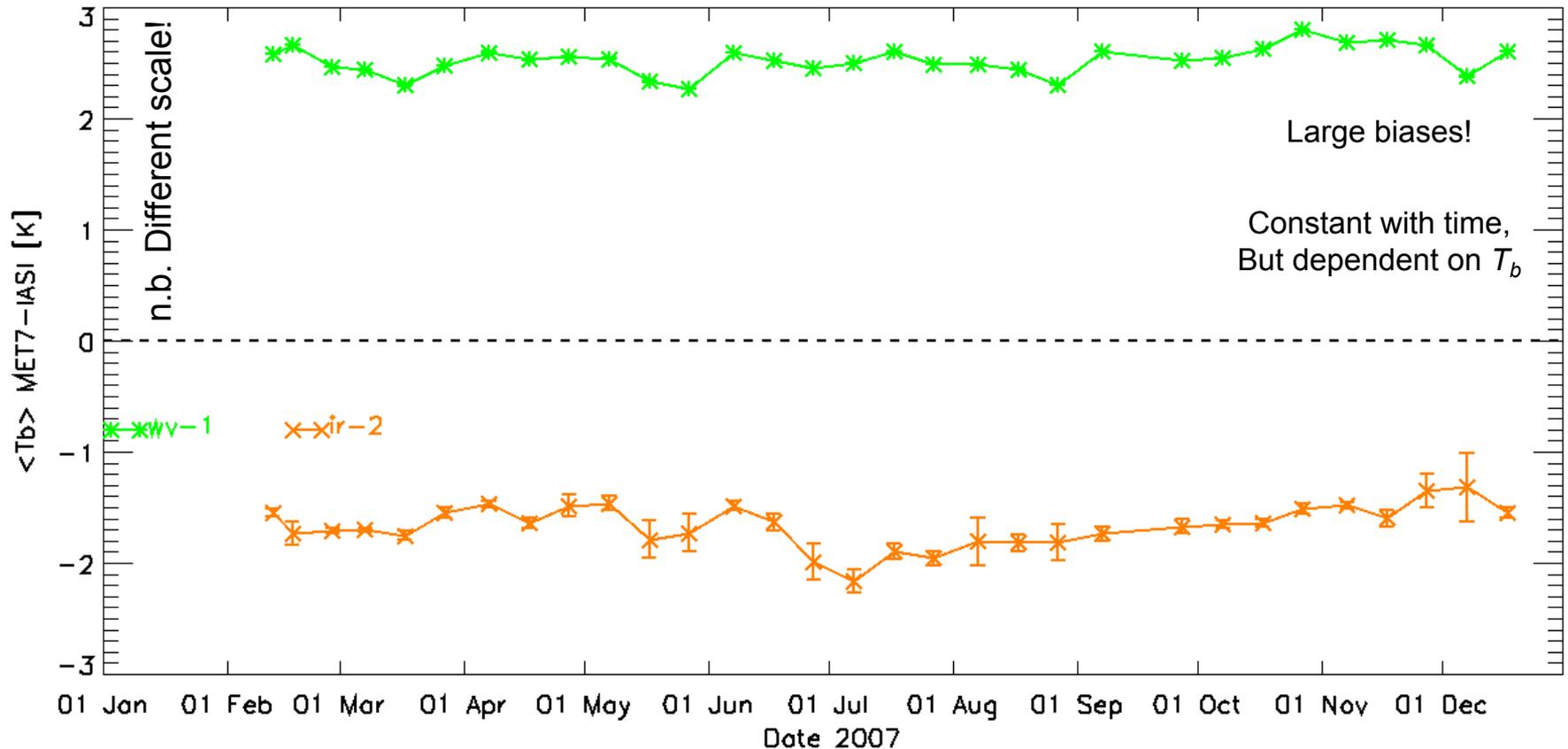
$$w_b = \left(\frac{t_a - t_0}{t_a - t_b} \right) \quad w_a = \left(\frac{t_0 - t_b}{t_a - t_b} \right)$$

to linearly interpolate between observations at time t_b and t_a .



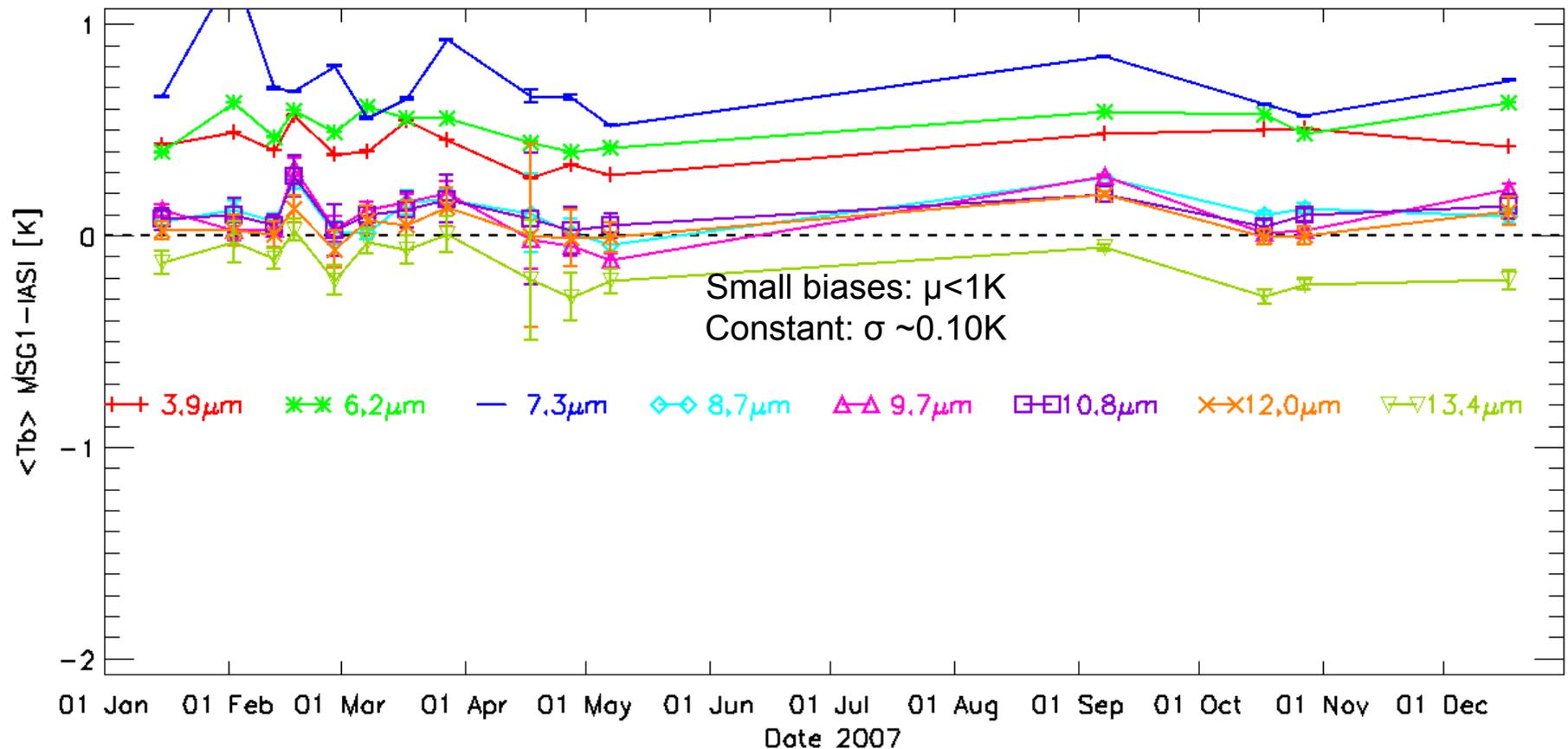


MVIRI on Meteosat-7 – IASI on Metop



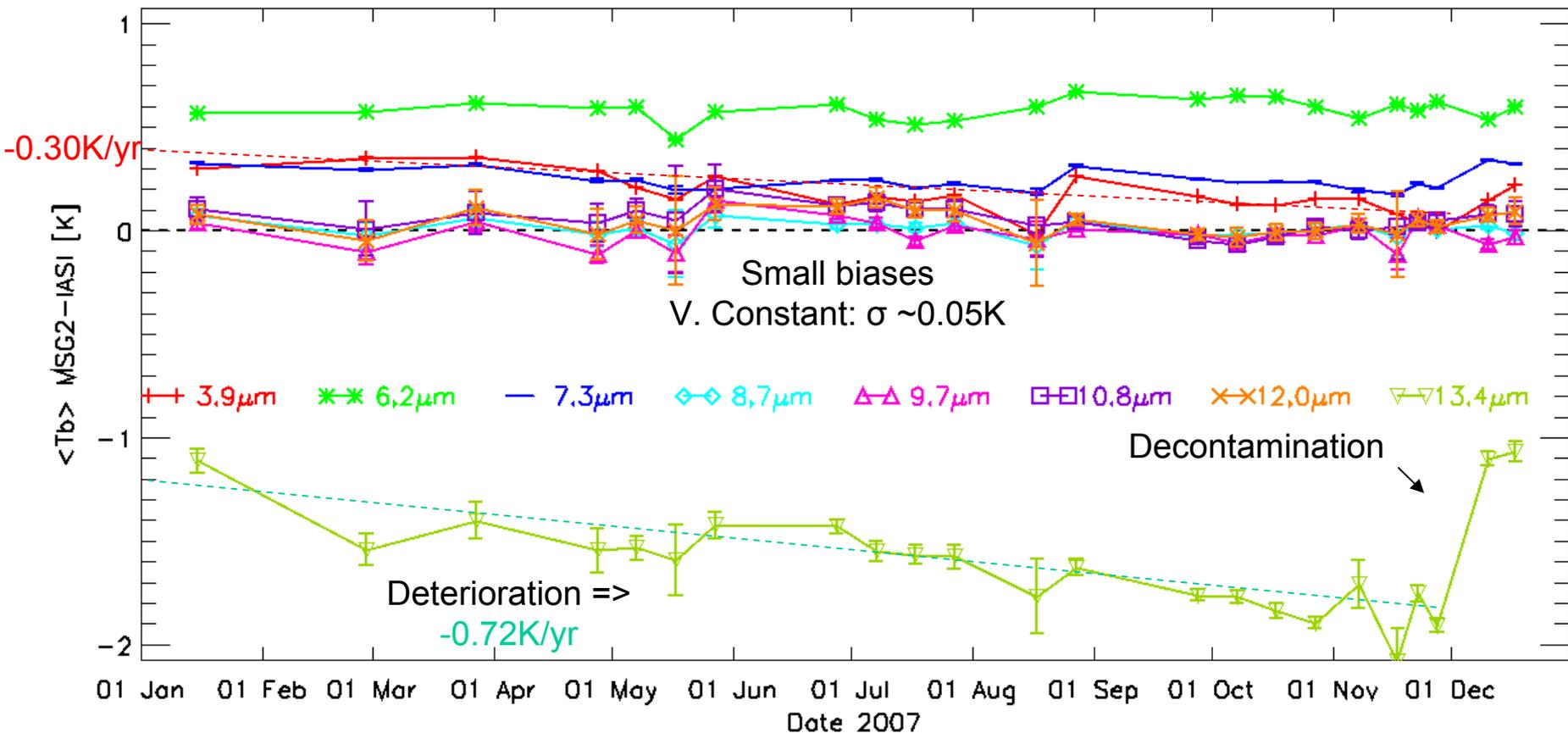
Time series of brightness temperature differences between Met7-IASI for typical clear-sky radiances: Each Met7 infrared channel is shown in a different color, with different symbols, following the legend. Error bars represent statistical uncertainty on each mean bias (may be very small).

SEVIRI on Meteosat-8 – IASI on Metop



Time series of brightness temperature differences between MSG1-IASI for typical clear-sky radiances. Each MSG infrared channel is shown in a different color, with different symbols, following the legend. Error bars represent statistical uncertainty on each mean bias (may be very small).

SEVIRI on Meteosat-9 – IASI on Metop



Time series of brightness temperature differences between MSG2-IASI for typical clear-sky radiances. Each MSG infrared channel is shown in a different color, with different symbols, following the legend. Error bars represent statistical uncertainty on each mean bias (may be very small).



Contamination of MSG2 13.4 μ m filter

Possible explanation:

Build-up of ice on filter

**Use spectral response function
of different thickness ice**

**To modify 13.4 μ m channel's
nominal SRF**

**Repeat IASI comparison for
each case**

**Test contaminated/nominal
ratio is consistent with trend**

Summary of Meteosat-IASI during 2007 (using original IMPF radiance definition)

Channel (μm)		3.9	6.2	7.3	8.7	9.7	10.8	12.0	13.4
Ref Scene T_{bref} (K)		290	240	260	290	270	290	290	270
Meteosat-7	Mean Bias (K)		+2.57					-1.63	
	Std. Dev. (K)		0.12					0.19	
Meteosat-8	Mean Bias (K)	0.46	0.56	0.77	0.22	0.19	0.16	0.13	-0.13
	Std. Dev. (K)	0.09	0.08	0.18	0.09	0.14	0.07	0.07	0.16
Meteosat-9	Mean Bias (K)	0.17	0.61	0.25	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.05	-1.63
	Std. Dev. (K)	0.10	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.26

Brightness Temperatures, T_b , for Reference Scenes and Mean Difference between Meteosat and IASI during 2007.

Statistically significant (at >95% level) biases highlighted in **bold**.

Meteosat-9 results Before and After new radiance definition & non-linearity corrections

Channel (μm)		3.9	6.2	7.3	8.7	9.7	10.8	12.0	13.4
Ref Scene T_{bref} (K)		290	240	260	290	270	290	290	270
Meteosat-9 BEFORE	Mean Bias (K)	0.17	0.61	0.25	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.05	-1.63
	Std. Dev. (K)	0.10	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.26
New-Old (non-linear corr ⁿ)	Mean Bias (K)	-0.14	-0.35	-0.11	-0.06	-0.01	-0.01	-0.02	0.29
	Std. Dev. (K)	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.05
Meteosat-9 AFTER	Mean Bias (K)	0.03	-0.04	0.14	-0.04	-0.01	0.02	0.03	-1.34
	Std. Dev. (K)	0.10	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.26

Brightness Temperatures, T_b , for Reference Scenes and Mean Difference between Meteosat-9 and IASI during 2007.

Before and **after** reprocessing with new radiance definition and non-linearity corrections
Statistically significant (at >95% level) biases highlighted in **bold** – only 7.3 and 13.4 μm



Comparison with NWP bias monitoring

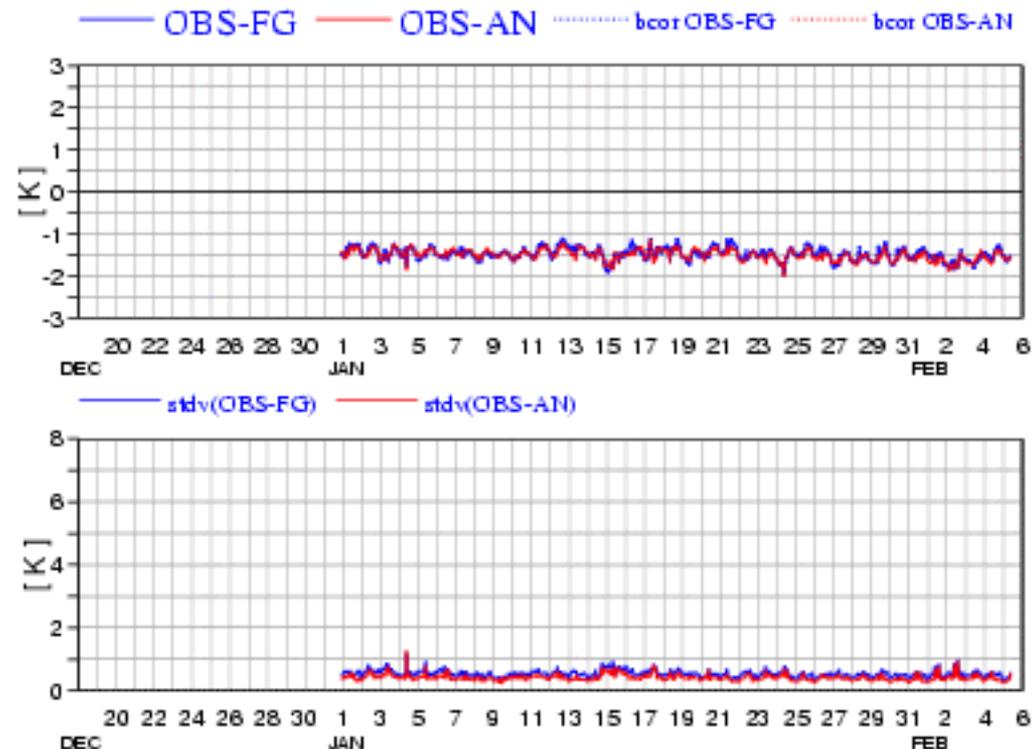
- Part of Assimilation cycle:
- Systematic comparison of observations with NWP model
- FG = First Guess
- AN = Analysis
- Mean difference + Std Dev.
- Can break-down by:
 - Geographic area
 - Scan angles
 - Time of Day
- Compare with inter-calibration
- BUT includes NWP errors

Statistics for Radiances from MET-9 / CSR

Channel = IR13.4, Selected data: clearIR = 100%

Area: lon_w= 0.0, lon_e= 360.0, lat_n= 20.0, lat_s= -20.0 (over sea)

EXP = 0001



Example from ECMWF website



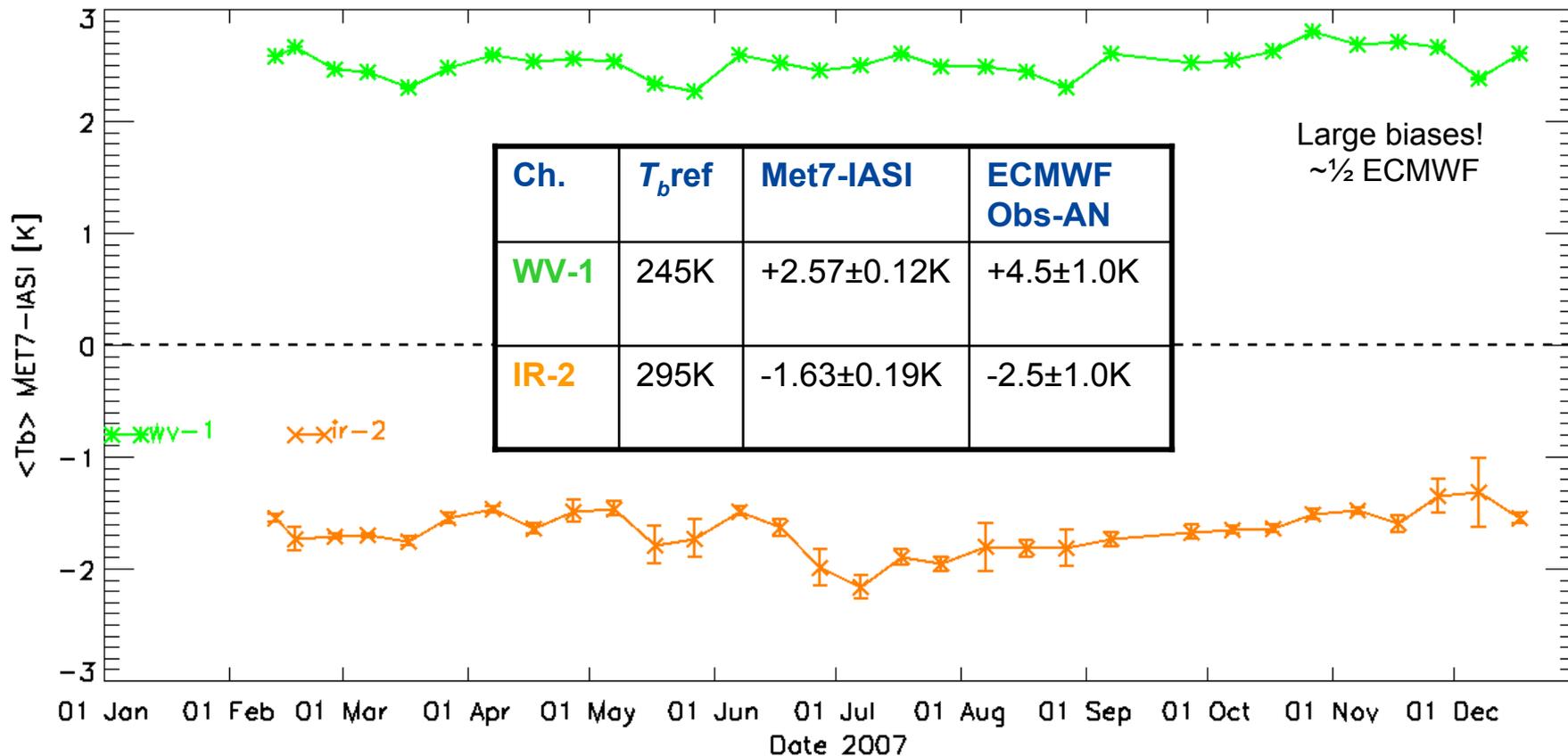


ECMWF bias monitoring for AIRS & IASI

Channel (μm)	<AIRS-FG> (K)	<IASI-FG> (K)
14.98	-3.3	<-2
14.33	-0.3	-0.1
14.03	-0.3	0.0
10.90	-0.6	-0.1
9.622	+0.1	-1.6
8.840	-0.3	-0.5
7.513	-0.1	-0.1
7.130	+0.8	-0.2
6.426	>+2	+0.1
4.426	+0.9	+0.6
4.186	+1.5	+0.4
4.175	-0.5	-0.5
4.013	+1.1	+0.6

- Jan 2008
- Tropics, Clear Skies over Sea
- Day and night
 - But different orbits!
- Mean OBS-FG estimated
 - Same AIRS-IASI channels
- Significant biases (>95%) shown in bold:
 - 4 channels for AIRS
 - 2 channels for IASI

MVIRI on Meteosat-7 – IASI on Metop



Time series of brightness temperature differences between Met7-IASI for typical clear-sky radiances: Each Met7 infrared channel is shown in a different color, with different symbols, following the legend. Error bars represent statistical uncertainty on each mean bias (may be very small).



EUMETSAT Inter-calibration Plans: 2008

IASI – Meteosat intercalibration:

Investigate impact of MSG radiance definition

Include temporal variability in error propagation

Investigate angular dependence using Rapid Scan at $\sim 40^\circ\text{N}$

Compare with NWP bias monitoring statistics

Assess collocation requirements – WV, window, O₃ channels

Extend inter-calibration to HIRS:

Compare HIRS/4-IASI on Metop-A

Compare HIRS-Meteosat-8 and -9

Build-up time series with older HIRS and MVIRI

Set-up GSICS Data and Products server



Coordinating Inter-calibration Activities

